

Aug 31, 2026

Battery Fires Rise in Summer: Here's How to Prevent Them

Improper battery disposal is a leading cause of fires in trash trucks, recycling facilities and waste operations - summer heat heightens the risk. To help prevent battery fires, never place batteries in the trash or recycling. Instead, use a battery collection program.



It only takes one battery to start a fire—and in the heat of summer, that risk rises dramatically.

July and August consistently record the highest number of fires at waste and recycling facilities. Ryan Fogelman of Fire Rover, who tracks publicly reported fire incidents at waste and recycling facilities across North America, refers to the seasonal increase as the industry's "summertime spike." **July and August 2025** set a record, with more than 100 fires reported over the two-month period. Final fire data for summer 2026 is not yet available, but Fogelman says the number of fires is trending in a similar direction.

The trend underscores a growing risk: batteries thrown in the trash or recycling can be damaged during collection and processing. During the summer, high temperatures can make those

damaged batteries more likely to ignite and spread fire quickly.

In June, **WM added a fourth rule** to its Recycle Right® guide: no batteries in the recycling or trash. During the hottest months of the year, that guidance becomes even more critical.

A common mistake with serious consequences

Many batteries end up in the trash or recycling unintentionally, often because they're [hidden inside everyday products](#).

"As batteries become part of more everyday products, it's more important than ever to understand how to handle them properly to keep them out of the trash and recycling streams," said Ryan Nordt, executive director, recycling operations, WM. "Many people don't realize they're throwing away a battery when they toss a problem toy, an old pair of earbuds or a cordless power tool or household device. The good news is there are programs available where the batteries from these products can be recycled."

When those batteries enter the waste stream, they can be damaged by:

- Compaction inside garbage trucks
- Crushing or puncturing in sorting equipment
- Contact with metal or other batteries
- High temperatures during collection and processing

These conditions can cause batteries to overheat, spark or ignite, leading to fires in trucks, landfills and recycling facilities. These fires can endanger consumers, workers, first responders and communities.

Why summer heat makes battery fires more likely

Battery-related fires occur year-round, but summer creates conditions that make them more dangerous:

- Higher temperatures can cause batteries to overheat more easily
- Heat can make damaged batteries less stable and more likely to ignite
- Temperatures inside garbage trucks, containers and processing facilities can climb quickly during the summer
- Dry materials like paper, cardboard and plastics can help fires spread rapidly once they start

Research from the [U.S. Environmental Protection Agency \(EPA\)](#) and industry analysis from [Resource Recycling Systems \(RSS\)](#) and the [National Waste & Recycling Association \(NWRA\)](#) show that heat, pressure and combustible materials significantly increase both ignition risk and fire spread in waste and recycling operations.

It's not just lithium-ion batteries

Lithium-ion batteries are often highlighted because they can experience something called "thermal runaway." This chain reaction causes a battery to rapidly overheat and potentially catch fire. However, any battery can pose a fire risk if it is damaged or disposed of improperly.

Common household batteries that should never go in the trash or recycling include:

- Lithium-ion batteries (phones, laptops, e-bikes)
- Alkaline batteries (AA, AAA, C, D, 9-volt)
- Rechargeable batteries (power tools, vacuums)
- Button and coin cell batteries (watches, key fobs)

How to dispose of batteries safely

The safest option is simple:

Do not place batteries in curbside recycling or trash.

Instead:

- Use battery recycling drop-off locations at retailers and community sites
- Check local household hazardous waste programs
- [Participate in battery take-back events](#), including National Battery Take-Back Day on Sept. 12 (sponsored by NWRA)
- Tape battery terminals before storing or transporting batteries

Find a battery drop-off location

- Visit [BatterySafetyNow.org](#) to locate a battery collection site near you and learn how to keep batteries out of the trash and recycling.

One simple rule can help prevent fires

WM's updated [Recycle Right®](#) rules are clear: if it's a battery, don't throw it in the recycling or trash.

And that rule applies year-round.

<https://mediaroom.wm.com/Battery-Fires-Rise-in-Summer-Heres-How-to-Prevent-Them>